

## Introduction to GAMA

Exploring Medication Abortion Access for Black and Latinx Women

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# SISTERLOVE, INC.

An Introduction

#### **SISTERLOVE MISSION AND HISTORY**



Headquartered in Atlanta, GA, and with offices in South Africa, SisterLove, Inc.'s (SLI) mission is to eradicate the impact of HIV and sexual and reproductive oppression upon all women, their families, and communities locally and internationally.

Established in 1989, SLI was the first organization in the US South to explicitly focus on the needs of Black women living with HIV (WLHIV) and other communities disproportionately impacted and least recognized in direct services, research, and advocacy in the HIV epidemic.

## Quick Hello from SisterLove, Inc. Co-Principal Investigator Sequoia Ayala



Sequoia Ayala. JD, MA
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Co-Principal Investigator, GAMA Project
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# Introducing Our Research Partner

RISE

Center for Reproductive Health in the Southeast

# Quiz Time!



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# GAMA

Georgia Access to Medication Abortion 96%

Percentage of GA Counties with no abortion clinics

7%

Decrease in Abortion Rates from 2011-2014 in GA without a corresponding decrease in unintended pregnancy

(Guttmacher Institute, 2018)

# Required in GA:

State Directed Counseling for Abortion Services

Mandatory 24 hour waiting period Parental Notification (under 18)
22-Week Abortion Ban

(Guttmacher Institute, 2018) (Roberts et al., 2015)

# IMPACT OF POLICY ON MEDICATION ABORTION

## **Mandating Protocols**

FDA Protocol for Medication Abortion is less effective and more cumbersome than more modern protocols.

## Dispensing of Medication

Only Physicians in GA authorized; Advanced Practice Clinicians are authorized in some states.

(Kaiser Family Foundation, 2018) (Uadhyay et al., 2018)

# Eliminating Insurance Coverage

Hyde Amendment prohibits federal funding for abortion services, this includes Medicaid.

## **Outlawing Telemedicine**

Laws enacted requiring physicians providing the medication abortion to be physically present.



Across the nation and in the Southeast, unintended pregnancies and births are more common for women who are lower socioeconomic status, Black, and/or Latinx.

(Finer et al., 2016)

## Latinx Women

Experience disproportionate and unique barriers to contraception and pregnancy related care, including fears about:

Immigration Enforcement
Sociocultural Norms
Communication

(Frost et al., 2015)
(White & Scarinci, 2017)
(Holtz & Bairan)

## Less than 40%

Of women in GA are Black Women

65%

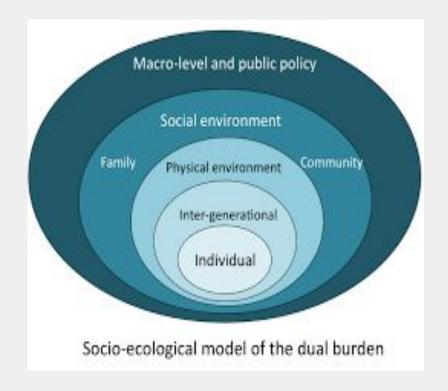
Of women accessing Abortion in GA were Black women in 2014

(Dehlendorf et al., 2013)

# GAMA Study Aims

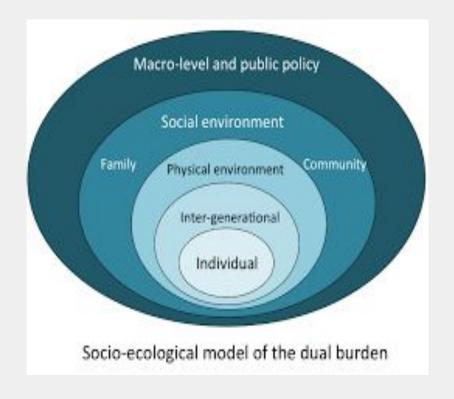
## Aim 1

Explore the perceptions, experiences, perceived barriers, and facilitators of access to and uptake of medication abortion among Black and Latinx women in Georgia



### Aim 2

Estimate the prevalence of the multi-level factors identified in Aim One and their relationship to medication abortion acceptability, intentions, and use among Black and Latinx women in Georgia



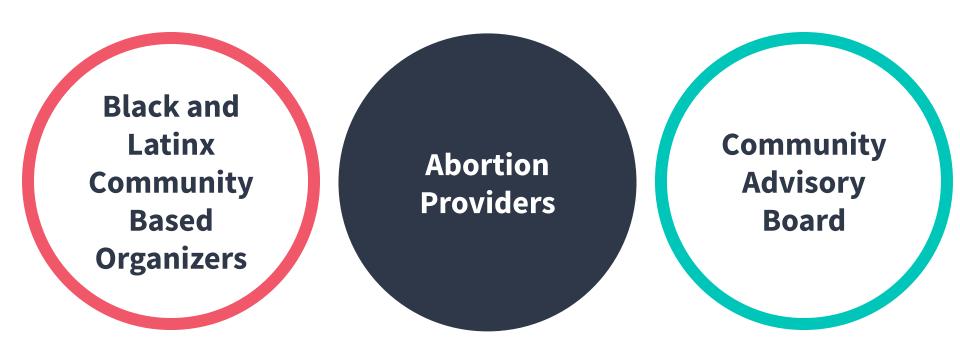
### **TIMELINE**



# 1. Partnerships

**Engaging Key Informants** 

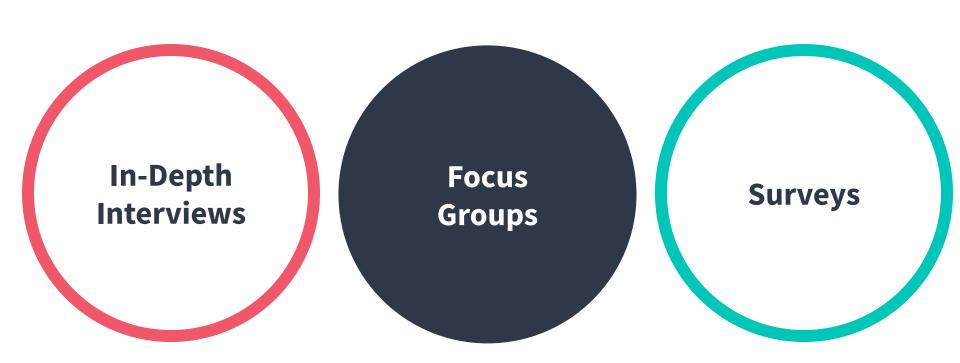
### Who are we partnering with?



# 2. Community Based Data Collection

Learning from the community

## How are we collecting data from Black and Latinx women?



# 3. Dissemination

Translating the findings

### How are we translating the findings from the study?

Developing a psycho-educational video

Developing community-based advocacy trainings

Informing culturally sensitive clinical guidelines

# Quiz Time!



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# **Community Engagement**

#### **COMMUNITY BASED PARTICIPATORY RESEARCH**

Partnership approach to research where community members and academic researchers collaborate. This approach allows both partners to provide their expertise to expand on knowledge that will benefit the community through societal or policy changes.



### What is the community's role in GAMA?

# Community Advisory Board

# Collaboration with community stakeholders to aid in the research process through experience and feedback

# **Contextualizing Statistics**

Use of Qualitative Data through In-Depth Interviews and Focus Groups with community members and community based organizers to inform statistics in literature

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## Thank You!

Any questions?

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